

# **INDUSTRY CAPABILITY REPORT**







# **Boat & Ship Building Sector**

Prepared by: Export Development Board (EDB), Sri Lanka February, 2024

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1.	INTRODUCTION	1
2.	TYPES OF PLAYERS	1
3.	KEY PRODUCTS AND SERVICES	2
4.	SEASONAL VARIATION IF ANY	3
5.	GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION ACROSS THE COUNTRY AND KNOWN CLUSTERS IF ANY	3
6.	SIZE IN TERMS OF PRODUCTION (VALUE/QUANTITY)	3
7.	KEY PLAYERS IN THE SECTOR	3
8.	NUMBER OF PEOPLE EMPLOYED IN THE SECTOR	4
9.	GOVERNMENT POLICY AND SUPPORT AVAILABLE IN THE SECTOR	4
11.	BOAT SHOW SRI LANKA	5
<b>12</b> .	INFRASTRUCTURE/LOGISTICS REQUIRED/ AVAILABLE FOR THE SECTOR	5
13.	AVAILABILITY OF TECHNOLOGY AND SKILLED LABOUR	5
14.	TOTAL EXPORTS OF PRODUCTS IN SELECTED CATEGORIES OF THE SECTOR	6
15.	GROWTH IN LAST 5 YEARS IN EXPORTS AND MAIN IMPORTING COUNTRIES	7
16.	POTENTIAL FOR EXPANSION IN THE SECTOR	9
17	STDENCTHS AND WEAKNESSES OF THE SECTOR	٥

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

Sri Lanka – the resplendent island in the center of the Indian Ocean has a long and a proud history of boat building. It has a great advantage to become the hub for boat manufacturing in the Asian region due to its strategic location, highly trainable workforce and the labour cost advantage.

Sri Lanka has one of the best natural harbours in the Asian region and its commercial port in Colombo is rated among the most economical and efficient which offers a complete service to shippers.

With the dawn of peace in Sri Lanka, expanding tourism industry is opening up a new frontier of leisure and pleasure crafts. Also, the increased interest of the local community in boating activities has created additional market opportunities. The country's leisure sector records growth where whale watching and other leisure activities contributed by the surge in the tourism industry have a positive impact on the boat building industry.

Further, considering the high marine diversity in the country and the influx of fairly high spending tourists, the country has a massive potential for marine (natural) tourism which too will create more market opportunities.

Sri Lanka has the capacity to build and operate boats for yacht chartering and nautical activities. Further, foreign yachts can come to Sri Lankan water and anchor and spend few days in the country as we have attractive on shore activities such as Whale/Dolphin watching, scuba diving, leisure fishing, snorkelling, windsurfing kite surfing and many more around the country throughout the year. Therefore, the country should take full advantage of this emerging trend before losing the competitive advantage to other countries in the region.

Sri Lanka organizes its own BOAT SHOW once in every two years with an objective of providing a forum for the boat building industry to display and promote their respective sectors to potential clients.

## 2. TYPES OF PLAYERS

Large Scale and SME exporters.

#### 3. KEY PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

The range of products offered from Boat Building sector mainly consists of 5 main sectors:

- a) Pleasure boats sector Luxury sailing and motor yachts, speed cruisers, sports vessels, Kayaks, paddle boats
- b) Commercial boats sector passenger vessels, work boats, general purpose vessels, house boats, floating restaurants
- c) Fishing boats sector fishing boats, fisheries research vessels
- d) Naval & Coast Guard Vessels fast attack crafts, surveillance vessels, sea cadet training vessels, rescue crafts, patrol boats, coast guard vessels
- e) Pre and post production services
  - Pre-production services boat design, lofting, plug making, mould making and supplying of engine, navigation and communication equipment, refrigeration systems, sail makers, and fire and safety equipment.
  - **Post production services** boat storage and transport devices, diving and fishing equipment, boat and engine maintenance and repairs.

Most of these boat hulls are made out of FRP and other composite material. Larger vessels are built by using aluminium and steel.

# **Ship Building Sector**

## a) Shipbuilding:

- Capable of design and building both Aluminium and Steel hull vessels
- Specializes on High Speed Patrol/ Coast Guard Boats (with speeds surpassing 50 knots) built to indigenous, proven designs
- Technologies to build highly sophisticated offshore support vessels, operated in the Offshore Oil & Gas Industry and Offshore Wind Energy fields
- Building of Cable Laying Vessels for laying of sub-sea telecommunication and power cables worldwide
- Capability to build SOLAS class Passenger Vessels
- Commercial Cargo and Chemical carrying Vessels using emerging propulsion technologies
- Work Boats and Harbour Crafts for ports and other uses

# b) Ship Repairing:

- Ship repairs for maximum capacity up to vessels with 125,000 dwt within the
  yard; capable of major repairs, retrofits and conversions knowhow, facilities,
  competencies exist for integrated work, with highly developed network of
  suppliers and service providers. All Classification Society and other Statutory
  Inspections, Surveys and Testing can be performed in Colombo.
- Rapid Response Afloat Repair Service facilities in any Sri Lankan Port and offshore port limits

## 4. SEASONAL VARIATION IF ANY

There is no seasonal variation...

# 5. GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION ACROSS THE COUNTRY AND KNOWN CLUSTERS IF ANY

Production yards are located alongside the coastal belt of the country.

# 6. SIZE IN TERMS OF PRODUCTION (VALUE/QUANTITY)

Due to high divers' nature in this sector, it is hard to determine the size of production.

#### 7. KEY PLAYERS IN THE SECTOR

Name of the company	Web site
Colombo Dockyard PLC	www.cdl.lk
Neil Fernando & Company (Pvt) Ltd	www.neilmarine.com
Dhanusha Marine Lanka (Pvt) Ltd	www.dhanushamarinelanka.com
North Sails Lanka (Pvt) Ltd.	www.northsails.com
Northwest Marine Lanka (Pvt) Ltd	www.northwestmarineboat.com
BAFF Polymech (Pvt) Ltd	www.baflk.org
Jostein Viksund Design & Mod.Cen (Pvt) Ltd	www.viksundasia.com
Solas Marine Lanka (Pvt) Ltd	www.solasmarine.com
Sealanie Boat Yard (Pvt) Ltd	www.sealanieboatyard.com
A J Fishing Industries (Pvt) Ltd	www.ajfishing.com
Cey-Nor Foundation Ltd.	www.ceynor.com
Sri Lanka Navy	www.navy.lk

#### 8. NUMBER OF PEOPLE EMPLOYED IN THE SECTOR

There are around 20 to 25 active boat yards around the country producing various types of boats described above providing employment to around 2000 directly and around another 10,000 indirectly.

#### 9. GOVERNMENT POLICY AND SUPPORT AVAILABLE IN THE SECTOR

Boat building industry has been identified as a leading industry and an emerging export sector that continues to boom in Sri Lanka offering a wide variety of products and services to international markets. This sector has also been identified as one of the key visionary sectors in the National Export Strategy 2018 -2022 for Sri Lanka.

Having identified the potential, the Boat Building industry has to contribute to the export earnings, the National Budget 2018 allocated funds to;

- 1. establish necessary infrastructure facilities required for the boating industry
- 2. develop a regulatory framework covering the entire value chain of the industry (excluding fishing boats).

EDB initiated work related to the implementation of above 02 budget proposals. Completed the development of Regulatory Framework for the sector and handed over to the implementing agencies; Ministry of Ports & Shipping and Ministry of Industries. Feasibility Study on construction of Breakwater at Kapparathota (Weligama) completed and Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) is being done. Once the EIA completed project will be handed over to the Ministry of Fisheries for implementation.

The government intends to develop the country as a leading regional aviation, maritime and trading hub in South Asia. Maritime transportation will be developed in order to expand capacity and improve efficiency of existing ports and to build new ports in strategic locations. These projects include;

- I. Colombo International Financial City (http://colomboportcity.lk/)
- II. Sri Lanka Ports Authority Development Plan
- III. Ceylon Fishery Harbours Corporation Development Plan

#### 10.R&D AND PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT FACILITIES AVAILABLE

- Boat Building Technology Institute (GTE) Ltd. (BTI)
- Universities
  - Colombo International Nautical & Engineering Collage (CINEC)
  - Maritime Campus
  - University of Moratuwa
  - Ocean University of Sri Lanka

#### 11.BOAT SHOW SRI LANKA

Sri Lanka organizes its own boat show **"Boat Show Sri Lanka"**, once in every two years, with an objective of providing a forum for the boat building industry to display and promote their respective sectors to potential clients. Since commencement of the first ever boat show in 2008, Sri Lanka Boat Show opened up a new frontier of fishing, leisure, industrial and commercial vessels and marine tourism.

## 12.INFRASTRUCTURE/LOGISTICS REQUIRED/ AVAILABLE FOR THE SECTOR

Boat Building industry lacks infrastructure facilities for manufacturing (especially vessels over 20 Meters in length and between 9 and 12.5 meters wide), berthing (anchorages /marinas), launching and testing (slipways/launching pads) and dock facilities for repairing purposes. Sri Lanka has veteran rubber technologists and trained workforce.

#### 13. AVAILABILITY OF TECHNOLOGY AND SKILLED LABOUR

Boat Building Technology Improvement Institute (BTI) conducting training programmes for Boat Building.

## **Training Courses**

- Introduction to Boat Building
- Fiberglass Technology & Repair
- FRP Technology for Boat Building
- Advanced Composite Technology
- · Naval Drafting
- Auto CAD for Designing Boats
- Introduction to Lofting & Plug Making
- Introduction to Mould Making

- Introduction to Welding Techniques
- Advanced Welding Techniques
- Inboard Marine Engine Operation,
   Maintenance & Repairing
- Inboard Marine Engine Installation
- Fish Preservation & System Designing
- General Electrical & Marine Electrical

# 14. TOTAL EXPORTS OF PRODUCTS IN SELECTED CATEGORIES OF THE SECTOR

# (Value in US\$ - Mn)

Code	Description	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
H.8906	Other vessels, including warships and	0.09	0.08	0.08	1.06	54.17
	lifeboats other than rawing boats					
H.8901	Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry	3.7	0.69	32.87	10.95	20.57
	boats, cargo ships, barges and similar					
	vessels for the transport of persons or					
	goods					
H.8903	Yachts and other vessels for pleasure	1.25	1	3.55	2.46	2.39
	or sports; rowing boats and canoes					
H.8902	Fishing vessels; factory ships and	1.25	0.62	1.3	1.06	1.37
	other vessels for processing or					
	preserving fishery products					
H.8907	Other floating structures (for	0.69		0.01	1.87	
	example, rafts, tanks, coffer dams,					
	landing stages, buoys and beacons)					
H.8905	Light vessels, fire floats, dredgers,	58.46	0.01			
	floating cranes, and other vessels the					
	navigability of which is subsidiary to					
	their main function; floating docks;					
	floating or submersible drilling or					
	production platforms					
Total:	'	65.43	2.39	37.81	17.4	78.5

# 15. GROWTH IN LAST 5 YEARS IN EXPORTS AND MAIN IMPORTING COUNTRIES

(Value in US\$ - Mn)

Code	Description	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
H.8906	Other vessels, including warships	0.09	0.08	0.08	1.06	54.17
	and lifeboats other than rawing boats					
	France					54.13
	India			0.01	0.99	0.04
	United Arab Emirates			0.07	0.07	0.01
	Netherlands	0.09	0.08	0.07	0.07	
H.8901	Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry	3.7	0.69	32.87	10.95	20.57
11.0701	boats, cargo ships, barges and	3.7	0.03	32.07	10.75	20.57
	similar vessels for the transport of					
	persons or goods					
	Norway				9.47	20.54
	Maldives	0.01				0.03
	France					
	United Arab Emirates				1.24	
	Mauritius				0.24	
	Iraq			31.88		
	India			0.91		
	Netherlands	0.44	0.69	0.07		
	Thailand	1.34				
	French Polynesia	0.97				
	United Kingdom	0.94				
H.8903	Yachts and other vessels for	1.25	1	3.55	2.46	2.39
	pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes					
	Netherlands	0.02	0.03	0.75	0.6	0.88
	France	0.11	0.28	0.84	0.77	0.82
	Seychelles	0.17	0.39	0.19	0.2	0.36
	Mauritius	0.127	0.07	0.127	0.2	0.09
	Canada	0.02	0.02	0.08	0.05	0.08
	Germany	0.07		0.12	0.05	0.05
	Norway	0.06	0.16	0.1	0.22	0.05
	United Arab Emirates				0.01	0.02
	India	0.21				0.02
	New Zealand	0.22		0.02	0.02	0.02
	Denmark		0.01	0.04	0.08	0.01
	Maldives		0.1			
	United Kingdom	1		0.04	0.34	
	Finland			0.03	0.08	
	Sweden	0.06		0.04	0.04	

	Kenya	0.39		1.3		
	Hong Kong			0.01		
	Thailand					
	Australia					
	Japan					
	Tanzania, United Republic of	0.13				
H.8902	Fishing vessels; factory ships and	1.25	0.62	1.3	1.06	1.37
	other vessels for processing or					
	preserving fishery products					
	Mauritius	0.22		0.19	0.19	0.52
	Norway	0.38	0.56	0.78	0.56	0.36
	Oman				0.02	0.28
	Seychelles	0.56			0.24	0.19
	Korea South (Korea, Republic of)	0.02	0.04		0.01	0.01
	Kenya					
	Papua New Guinea				0.03	
	India				0.01	
	Madagascar			0.27		
	Tanzania, United Republic of	0.01	0.01	0.06		
	Somalia	0.03				
	Italy	0.01				
	Australia	0.01				
	Qatar	0.01				
H.8907	Other floating structures (for	0.69		0.01	1.87	
	example, rafts, tanks, coffer dams,					
	landing stages, buoys and beacons)	2.12				
	Maldives	0.69			1.87	
	Seychelles					
	Netherlands					
	Marshall Islands					
	Somalia					
H.8905	Light vessels, fire floats, dredgers,	58.46	0.01			
	floating cranes, and other vessels					
	the navigability of which is subsidiary to their main function;					
	floating docks; floating or					
	submersible drilling or production					
	platforms					
	India		0.01			
	Japan	58.46				
		65.43	2.39	37.81	17.4	78.5

#### 16. POTENTIAL FOR EXPANSION IN THE SECTOR

With the increasing demand in fisheries, tourism, defence and oil industry in the global market, the Boat building sector in Sri Lanka, as a high-quality product manufacturer has a potential for further expansion. Considering the high marine diversity and the influx of fairly high spending tourists, the country also has a massive potential for nautical tourism. Also Yacht building, Chartering and Yacht Operation in the region and beyond has now become an attractive industry in Sri Lanka.

#### 17. STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES OF THE SECTOR

Strengths	Weaknesses
The Strategic location of the country	Slow technological transfers
Island surrounded by the sea	Lack of marina infrastructure in the
Rapid expansion of the tourism industry	country to test products and for
Potential for nautical tourism	launching & berthing
Potential to host international yachting	Absence of permanent skilled work
and nautical tourism events	force as they are seeking better
Proven expertise in manufacturing quality	salary jobs in overseas.
products	Cumbersome and inappropriate
State of the art training center	registration procedure (yachts
Growing interest in boating activities in Sri	locally registered or foreign owned,
Lanka	should have a freedom to move freely
• Rapid development in port related	everywhere in the country)
constructions	
Modernization and development of the	
fisheries industry	

# Prepared by:

Ms. D.V.G. Mangala Madhuwanthi - Development Officer, EDB, Sri Lanka

#### **Disclaimer:**

The Sri Lanka Export Development Board, (EDB), has taken every care in the preparation of the content of this report, but the EDB cannot be held responsible for any errors, defects, lost profits, or other consequential damages arising from the use of any information obtained either directly or indirectly from this report. The EDB accepts no liability whatsoever.